	SYLLABUS «Inorganic Chemistry» Degree of Higher Education - Master Specialty <u>211 Veterinary Medicine</u> Educational professional program - no Year of training – the first; Semester: 1 Learning form – full-time Amount of the ECTC credits 4 Language of instruction - English
Supervisor	Voitenko Larysa Vladyslavivna, Candidate of Chem Sci, Docent
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information (e-mail)	
eLearn Course URL	https://elearn.nubip.edu.ua/enrol/index.php?id=668

DESCRIPTION OF COURSE

The discipline studies the theoretical foundations of contemporary Inorganic Chemistry and data about features of bio-elements such as Hydrogen, Halogens, Oxygen, Sulfur, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Carbon, Tin, Lead, Boron, Aluminum, Alkaline and Alkaline-earth metals, Manganese, Iron, Cobalt, Nickel, Copper, Zinc, Molybdenum, Silver, Mercury, Cadmium, Chromium. Chemical processes with these elements and its compounds are shown on the points of view theory of electrolytic dissociation, hydrolysis, redox processes and possibility of complex compound formations. In the labs it is shown the foundations of qualitative tests of mentioned above compounds of bio-elements and its using in the practice of veterinary medicine.

Chapter	Hours (lectures/labs)	Results of learning	Tasks	Grading, scores
	The fall semester, the 1 st year of study			
Module the 1 st . The Foundations of Inorganic Chemistry				
Chapter1.Subjectsandobjectsoftheinorganicchemistryforveterinarymedicine.medicine.Themainconceptsatomic-molecularstudy	2/2	To know the safe rules in chemical laboratory; classification of the inorganic substances; stoichiometric chemical laws; types of chemical reactions; relations of the chemical transformations and veterinary practice. To know how to organize the working place and realize the lab techniques of semimicro tube tests; to work with educational literature and to organize own independent study. To understand the importance of the chemistry as a science about principles of the	Introduction testing Lab test tube experiment – properties of the main classes of inorganic substances Control test	10
		Universe existing and development; the criticism of chemophobia.		
Chapter2.Atomic structure	4/6	To know the modern theory of atomic structure; structure of		5

STRUCTURE OF COURSE

and chemical	1 4 1 11 41 1 1		
and chemical	electron shells; the dual	Elern testing	
bonding. The	properties of an electron; the		
Periodical Law	mechanism of the chemical		
and Mendeleev	bonding of atoms one with		
Periodical Table	other; concept of valence and		
of the Chemical	oxidation number of an atom		
elements	as a function of the outer		
	electron shell composition.		
	To have skills to determine the		
	possible valencies and		
	oxidation numbers of the		
	elements based of their		
	electron configuration; to		
	calculate type of chemical		
	bonding based of		
	electronegativity; to determine		
	the metallic or non-metallic or		
	metalloid properties of		
	chemical elements.		
	To understand the correlation		
	of chemical properties (e.g.,		
	solubility in water or non-aqua		
	solvents) of compounds and		
	the structure of their electron		
	configuration and type of		
	chemical bonding.		
Total 1 st module 6/8			15
	nsformations without change of	ovidation degre	-
		Lob toot tubo	10
Chapter1.4/18Everyogianof	To know the content and math	Lab test tube	18
Expression of	expression of the basic	experiments.	18
Expression of Concentration;	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature	experiments. Volumetric	18
Expression of Concentration; recalculations of	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature of chemical transformations in	experiments. Volumetric determination	18
Expression of Concentration; recalculations of concentration	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature of chemical transformations in water solutions (electrolytic	experiments. Volumetric determination of the	18
Expression of Concentration; recalculations of concentration units. Preparation	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature of chemical transformations in water solutions (electrolytic dissociation, hydrolysis); a	experiments. Volumetric determination of the temporary	18
Expression of Concentration; recalculations of concentration units. Preparation of solutions.	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature of chemical transformations in water solutions (electrolytic dissociation, hydrolysis); a concept of a pH.	experiments. Volumetric determination of the temporary water	18
Expression of Concentration; recalculations of concentration units. Preparation of solutions. Acid-base	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature of chemical transformations in water solutions (electrolytic dissociation, hydrolysis); a concept of a pH. To know how to determine a	experiments. Volumetric determination of the temporary water hardness.	18
Expression of Concentration; recalculations of concentration units. Preparation of solutions. Acid-base chemistry of	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature of chemical transformations in water solutions (electrolytic dissociation, hydrolysis); a concept of a pH. To know how to determine a pH of a medium; to regulate a	experiments. Volumetric determination of the temporary water hardness. Module	18
Expression of Concentration; recalculations of concentration units. Preparation of solutions. Acid-base	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature of chemical transformations in water solutions (electrolytic dissociation, hydrolysis); a concept of a pH. To know how to determine a pH of a medium; to regulate a pH using buffer solutions;	experiments. Volumetric determination of the temporary water hardness.	18
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Expression of Concentration; recalculations of concentration units. Preparation of solutions. Acid-base chemistry of water solutions. Hydrolysis of	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature of chemical transformations in water solutions (electrolytic dissociation, hydrolysis); a concept of a pH. To know how to determine a pH of a medium; to regulate a pH using buffer solutions; compile an ionic equation; to	experiments. Volumetric determination of the temporary water hardness. Module control tests	18
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Expression of Concentration; recalculations of concentration units. Preparation of solutions. Acid-base chemistry of water solutions. Hydrolysis of	expression of the basic concentration units; the nature of chemical transformations in water solutions (electrolytic dissociation, hydrolysis); a concept of a pH. To know how to determine a pH of a medium; to regulate a pH using buffer solutions; compile an ionic equation; to predict the pathway of the chemical interaction in solutions; to use dissociation constant of electrolytes in Ostwald's dilution Law; to influence of ionic composition in body fluids using electrolytic drinks; To have skills of acid-basic indicators application of a pH measuring; how to prepare of solutions.	experiments. Volumetric determination of the temporary water hardness. Module control tests	18

Total 2 ^d module	4/18			18
Module the		l transformations changing oxid	ation degree/va	
Chapter 1.	2/4	To know the concept of	Lab test tube	12
Theory and		redistribution of electrons at	experiments.	
practice of		RedOx transformations; typical	Module	
RedOx processes		reduction and oxidating agents	control	
1		among inorganic substances;	testing.	
		influence of a pH into RedOx	Elern testing	
		processes; the quantitative	_	
		parameters of RedOx processes		
		(electrode potential, EMF).		
		To understand the		
		methodology of a product		
		predicting for RedOx reactions		
		based on electronegativity of		
		elements; function the		
		chemical source of electricity.		
		To apply the method of		
		electron balancing;		
		To know how to act the		
		disinfectant agents (e.g., free		
		chlorine, ozone, hydrogen		
		peroxide);		
		To have practical skills in		
		realization of redox processes		
		between typical inorganic		
	2/4	RedOx agents.	T als da ad dash a	10
Chapter 2.	2/4	To know the concept of Verner's Theory of Complex	Lab test tube	10
Complex compounds.		Verner's Theory of Complex compounds; donate	experiments. Module	
compounds.		(coordinative) chemical	control	
		bonding in formation of	testing.	
		complex compounds; stability	Elern testing	
		constant; isomerism, biological	Lieffi testing	
		activity of complex		
		compounds, including the		
		anticancer drugs; bioinorganic		
		systems as complex		
		compounds.		
		To have skills of compilation		
		of reaction equations with		
		complex compounds;		
		realization of qualitative tests		
		used complex compounds;		
		To understand the concept of		
		multidental ligands and their		
		using in medicine practice		
		(e.g., ferroine,		
	A 14 A	DisodiumEDTA).		
Chapter 3. The	1/11	To know the correlation of		15
chemical		electron structure of the		
properties of the		chemical elements and their		
main bio-active		chemical properties; the main		
elements and		acid-basic and RedOx		
their inorganic		properties of Hydrogen,		

compounds		Halogens, Oxygen, Sulfur,	
-		Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Carbon,	
		Tin, Lead, Boron, Aluminum,	
		Alkaline and Alkaline-earth	
		metals, Manganese, Iron,	
		Cobalt, Nickel, Copper, Zinc,	
		Molybdenum, Silver, Mercury,	
		Cadmium, Chromium and their	
		compounds;	
		To have skills of application	
		of the different acid-base and	
		RedOx agents in veterinary	
		practice;	
		To understand the concept of	
		human and animal endemic	
		diseases as the results of the	
		abnormal distribution of the	
		chemical elements in the	
	= 14.0	environment.	
Total the 3 ^d module	5/19		37
Total		1	70
Exam			30
Finally			100

EVALUATION POLICY

Deadline policy and exam retake allowing:	Works that are submitted in violation of deadlines without good reason are evaluated at a lower grade. Retake of tests takes place with the lecturer's permission if there are good reasons (for example, student was sick and has the hospital sheet).
Academic Integrity Policy:	Write-offs during tests and exams are prohibited (including using mobile devices).
Attendance Policy:	Attendance is a mandatory component of the grade for which points are earned. For objective reasons (such international internship, sickness), teaching may be provided on-line, in agreement with the
	Dean.

GRADING SYSTEM

Rating of Higher	National grade according to the results of written examination		
education applicant,	exam	test	
scores			
90-100	Excellent	Pass	
74-89	Good		
60-73	Satisfactory		
0-59	Unsatisfactory	Fail	