

**NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LIFE AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES OF  
UKRAINE**

**Department of International Law and Comparative Law**

**“APPROVED”**

Dean of the Law Faculty

\_\_\_\_\_ O. S. Yara  
25.05.2021

**REVIEWED AND APPROVED**

At the meeting of the Department of International Law and Comparative Law

Protocol № .05.2021

Head of the Department

V.V. Ladychenko

**CONSIDERED**

Guarantor of the educational program

081 Law

\_\_\_\_\_ L.O. Pankova

**SYLLABUS OF EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE  
«INTERNATIONAL LAW»**

Specialty	081 Law
Educational Program	Law
Faculty	of Law
Developer	Kurylo Inna Volodymyrivna, Doctor of Science of Law, Professor, Professor of the Department of International Law and Comparative Law

**KYIV – 2021**

**1. COURSE  
INTERNATIONAL LAW  
DESCRIPTION**

<b>Branch of knowledge, direction of training, speciality, educational and qualification level</b>	
Educational and qualification level	“Bachelor”
Speciality	081 Law
Educational Programme	Law
<b>Characteristic of the educational discipline</b>	
Type	Mandatory
Total number of hours	120
Number of ECTS credits	4
Number of modules	3
Course project (work)	-
Form of control	Exam
<b>Indicators of academic discipline for full-time education</b>	
Year of training	3
Semester	6
Lectures	30 hours
Practical classes	30 hours
Self-dependent work	60 hours
Individual tasks	-
Number of auditory hours weekly for full-time education	4

## **2. Purpose, tasks and competencies of the course**

### **"International law"**

“International Law” is an important course for law students. The course “International Law” includes 3 modules, namely topics such as the concept, subject and scope of international law, principles of international law, sources of international law, subjects of international law, recognition and succession, territory, population and citizenship in international law. law, law of international organizations, law of international treaties, diplomatic and consular law, international humanitarian law, international maritime law, responsibility in international law.

The purpose is to form knowledge about international law, its features, main branches and institutions. Acquisition of theoretical and practical knowledge and skills on the role, action and application of sources of public international law in Ukraine. Formation of knowledge and competencies on the use of sources of international law in resolving specific situations.

The task is to master the basic categorical apparatus concerning international law; master the basic techniques and tools of working with international sources and national sources related to the foreign element; to acquire skills of application of the received theoretical knowledge for the decision of concrete situations.

As a result of studying the discipline students should

know:

- concept, subject, system and sources of international law;
- features of international law;
- basic principles and sources of international law;
- characteristic features of subjects of international public law;
- features of some branches of public international law, namely the law of international treaties, the law of international organizations, diplomatic and consular law, international humanitarian law;

- the concept of a foreign element;
- know the peculiarities of the regimes of foreigners, stateless persons and persons with multiple citizenship;
- stages of concluding an international agreement; interpretation of the norms of an international agreement;
- types of international legal responsibility;
- main means of resolving conflict issues in various areas.

be able to:

- analyze the current state and prospects of international relations;
- analyze the provisions of international agreements;
- understand the main concepts and categories of international law;
- operate with the conceptual and categorical apparatus of international law;
- analyze ways to resolve conflicting issues arising in relations governed by international law;
- correctly apply the provisions of legal acts in order to resolve issues and problems arising in international relations.

Acquisition of competencies:

General competencies:

Ability to abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis.

Ability to apply knowledge in practical situations.

Knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of professional activity. Ability to communicate in the state language both orally and in writing.

Ability to learn and master modern knowledge.

Ability to work in a team.

Ability to act on the basis of ethical considerations (motives).

The ability to exercise their rights and responsibilities as a member of society, to realize the values of civil (free democratic) society and the need for its sustainable development, the rule of law, human and civil rights and freedoms in Ukraine.

Ability to preserve and multiply moral, cultural, scientific values and achievements of society based on understanding the history and patterns of law, its place in the general system of knowledge about nature and society and in the development of society, technology.

Appreciation and respect for diversity and multiculturalism.

Professional (special) competencies:

Respect for human honor and dignity as the highest social value, understanding of their legal nature.

Knowledge and understanding of international human rights standards, provisions of the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, as well as the case law of the European Court of Human Rights.

Ability to apply knowledge of the principles and content of institutions of public international law, as well as private international law.

Knowledge and understanding of the peculiarities of the implementation and application of substantive and procedural law.

Ability to identify relevant and acceptable for legal analysis facts. Ability to analyze legal issues, form and justify legal positions.

Ability to critically and systematically analyze legal phenomena and apply the acquired knowledge in professional activities.

Ability to logical, critical and systematic analysis of documents, understanding their legal nature and meaning.

### **3. Structure of the course «International Law»**

Назви змістових модулів і тем	Кількість годин	
	денна форма	

1	усього	у тому числі				
		л	п	лаб	інд	с.р.
2	3	4	5	6	7	
<b>Module 1.</b>						
<b>Basic Concepts</b>						
Theme 1. The concept, subject and scope of International Law	8	2	2	-	-	4
Theme 2. Principles of International Law	8	2	2	-	-	4
Theme 3. Subjects of International Law	8	2	2	-	-	4
Theme 4. Sources of International Law	8	2	2			4
<b>TOTAL MODULE 1</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Module 2.</b>						
<b>Recognition and Succession, Territory, Population and Citizenship in International Law, Law of International Organizations</b>						
Theme 5. Recognition and succession in international law	8	2	2			4
Theme 6. Territory in international law	8	2	2			4
Theme 7. Population in International Law	8	2	2	-	-	4
Theme 8. Citizenship in International Law	8	2	2	-	-	4
Theme 9. Law of International Organizations	8	2	2			4
<b>TOTAL MODULE 2</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>			<b>20</b>
<b>Module 3</b>						
<b>International treaties law, diplomatic and consular law, international humanitarian law, international maritime law, liability in international law</b>						
Theme 10. Law of international treaties	8	2	2			4
Theme 11. The Law of International Treaties (2)	8	2	2			4

Theme 12. Diplomatic and Consular Law	8	2	2			4
Theme 13. International humanitarian law	8	2	2			4
Theme 14. International Maritime Law	8	2	2			4
Theme 15. Responsibility in International Law	8	2	2			4
TOTAL MODULE 3	48	8	8			16
Курсовый проект (работа)	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	120	30	30			60

## **PROGRAM OF THE COURSE "INTERNATIONAL LAW"**

### **Module 1.**

#### **Basic Concepts**

#### **Theme 1. The concept, subject and scope of International Law**

The concept and subject of regulation of international law. The object of international legal relations. History of International Law. The emergence of international law. The essence and functions of international law. Sources of international law. Principles of international law. Scope of international law. The ratio of international public and international private law. Historical aspects of the development of international law. Value of international and national law.

#### **Theme 2. Principles of International Law**

Concepts and types of principles of international law. The place of principles of international law and their place in the system of general principles and norms. The value of the basic principles of international law. The principle of non-use of force, the principle of respect for the territorial integrity of states, the principle of respect for human rights, the principle of sovereign equality of states, the principle of self-determination of peoples and nations, the principle of honest fulfillment of international obligations. Jus cogens. Pacta sunt servanda.

### **Theme 3. Sources of International Law**

Sources of international law. Formation of rules of international law. Norms of international law. Institutions, sub-sectors and branches of international law. The concept and characteristics of the rules of public international law. Types of rules of public international law and their classification. The hierarchy of rules of public international law. Codification of the rules of public international law.

### **Theme 4. Subjects of International Law**

Concepts and types of subjects of international law. Basic features of international law. The main subjects of international law. Classification of subjects of international law. Derivatives of international law. States. Types of States as Subjects of International Law. The concept of international legal personality. Restrictions on international legal personality. Legal implications of recognition in international law. International legal personality of nations and peoples fighting for independence. International legal personality of state entities. Legal personality of international organizations. Other subjects of international law.

## **Content module 2.**

### **Recognition and Succession, Territory, Population and Citizenship in International Law, Law of International Organizations**

### **Theme 5. Recognition and succession in international law**

The concept and legal nature of recognition. Forms, types and means of recognition. Recognition of new states and governments. Other types of recognition in public international law. Ad hoc recognition. Declarative theory of recognition. Government recognition. Concept, grounds and object of succession. Types of succession. Legal succession of States to international treaties. Legal succession to state property and public debt. Regulation of succession issues in connection with the termination of the USSR and succession of Ukraine. Budapest Memorandum.

### **Theme 6. Territory in international law**

Concepts and Types of Territories in Public International Law. The concept of territorial rule, legal nature. Territorial sovereignty. Territory regimes in international law. International Territory. Demilitarized and neutralized territories. Grounds for change of state territory. State borders and their legal regime. Contractual ways of acquiring territory. Stages of establishing state borders. International non-state territory. Areas with a specific legal regime. Territorial disputes and claims. Antarctic and Arctic legal regime. International rivers, canals and canals. Continental shelf. State border of Ukraine. The legal regime of the Danube. Inland waters of Ukraine.

### **Theme 7. Population in International Law**

The concept of population and citizenship. The composition of the population. The concept of a foreigner. The regime of foreigners and international law. Legal status of foreigners, stateless persons and persons with multiple citizenship. Legal status of refugees, internally displaced persons and displaced persons. Content of the right of asylum.

### **Theme 8. Citizenship in International Law**

Citizenship and its importance for international law. International legal documents governing the citizenship and legal status of stateless persons. Convention on the Status of Stateless Persons. Convention on the Reduction of Stateless. The main ways of acquiring and losing citizenship. Naturalization. Citizenship withdrawal. Stateless.

Bipatrids. Refugees. Shelter. Principles of citizenship legislation in Ukraine. Grounds for acquisition, termination of Ukrainian citizenship. Grounds for loss of Ukrainian citizenship.

### **Theme 9. Law of International Organizations**

Concepts, sources and principles of law of international organizations. Historical aspects of creation of international organizations. The concept, features and classification of international intergovernmental organizations. Powers and functions of international organizations. Functions of international organizations. United Nations history, legal status, goals and principles. Structure, constituent documents, main and subsidiary bodies, specialized agencies of the United Nations. Conference Secretariat. International Court of Justice. Regional international organizations, international non-governmental organizations. Organization of the North Atlantic Alliance (NATO). Membership of Ukraine in the Council of Europe. International conferences.

### **Content module 3**

**International treaties law, diplomatic and consular law, international humanitarian law, international maritime law, liability in international law**

### **Theme 10. Law of international treaties**

The concept and legal nature of an international treaty. Sources and principles of international treaties law. Subjects of international treaties. Codification of the law of international treaties. Pacta sunt servanda. Classification of international treaties. Types of international treaties. Form of international treaty. Parties to international treaties. Conclusion of international treaties and their entry into force.

### **Theme 11. The Law of International Treaties (2)**

The validity and validity of an international treaty. Territorial scope of contracts. Interpretation of the international treaty. International treaty and domestic law. Reservations to international treaties. Legal status of the depositary. Termination of

international treaties. Invalidity, suspension and termination of contracts. Grounds for invalidity of international treaties. The power to conclude an international treaty on behalf of Ukraine. Make Ukraine an international treaty binding on it. Compliance with international treaties by Ukraine. Termination and suspension of international treaties of Ukraine.

### **Theme 12. Diplomatic and Consular Law**

Concepts and sources of external relations law. The concept of diplomatic law. Formation of internal and foreign policy of the state. Diplomatic missions and missions. The order of their purpose, composition and functions. Consular law: a concept. Principles of diplomatic service. Consular functions. Consular privileges and immunities. Permanent Representations of States to International Organizations. The order of organization of activity of the diplomatic service of Ukraine. Appointment and dismissal of diplomatic posts. Special missions.

### **Theme 13. International humanitarian law**

Concepts and sources of international humanitarian law. The Hague Law and the Geneva Law. Codification is the norm of international humanitarian law. Principles of international humanitarian law. International standards for human rights and their international legal support in peacetime. Human rights and their classification. International human rights bodies. European Court of Human Rights. Protection of human rights in times of armed conflict. Prisoners of war. Rules governing the protection of victims of armed conflict. Legal regulation of restrictions on the means and methods of conducting armed struggle. Rights, freedoms and responsibilities of the individual and citizen in Ukraine.

### **Theme 14. International Maritime Law**

The concept, subject, principles and sources of international maritime law. The territorial sea. The width of territorial waters. International legal regime of the high seas. Legal status of a vessel on the high seas, exclusive jurisdiction of the State.

Classification of marine spaces. Exclusive economic zone. Inland sea water. Continental shelf mode. International straits and channels, adjacent zone.

### **Theme 15. Responsibility in International Law**

The concept and legal nature of liability in public international law. The rules of international law governing the liability of its subjects. Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide, Geneva Conventions of 1949, Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. Principles of international legal responsibility. Purpose and content of international legal responsibility. Grounds for liability. Unlawful acts in public international law and their classification. Circumstances exempt from liability. Subjects of international legal responsibility. Types and forms of liability in public international law. Responsibility for lawful activity. Types of international offenses. Types of sanctions. Mechanism of application of international legal sanctions.

## **4. Theme of Seminar Lessons of the course**

### **«International Law»**

<b>№</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Hours</b>
1.	<b>The concept, sources and principles of international public law</b>	2
2.	<b>Principles of international law</b>	2
3.	<b>Sources of international law</b>	2
4.	<b>Subjects of international law</b>	2
5.	<b>Recognition and succession in international law</b>	2
6.	<b>Territory in international law</b>	2
7.	<b>Population in international law</b>	2
8.	<b>Citizenship in international law</b>	2
9.	<b>Private International Law: Concepts, Sources and Principles of Private International Law</b>	2
10.	<b>Private International Law: Conflict of Law and Obligations</b>	2

11.	<b>The Hague Conference on Private International Law</b>	2
12.	<b>Law of international organizations</b>	2
13.	<b>Law of international treaties</b>	2
14.	<b>Law of international treaties (2)</b>	2
15.	<b>Responsibility in international law</b>	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>30</b>

### **7. Control Questions to Determine the Level of Knowledge of Student**

1. Concept and features of international law.
2. Value of international and national law.
3. The Value of International Public and International Private Law.
4. Sources of international law.
5. Concept of the norm of international law.
6. Basic (fundamental) principles of international law.
7. Concept and types of subjects of international law. The main features of the subject of international law.
8. States - the main subjects of international law (simple and complex states).
9. International legal personality of nations and peoples fighting for independence.
10. International legal personality of "state-like" entities.
11. The legal personality of international intergovernmental organizations.
12. The problem of the international legal personality of an individual.
13. Recognition, its types and forms.
14. The Estrada Doctrine and the doctrine of Tobar.
15. The concept of succession, his views.
16. Codification of the law of international treaties.
17. The concept and legal nature of international treaties.
18. Classification of international treaties.
19. Procedure of conclusion, form, structure, language and name of contracts. Parties to an international treaty.
20. Signature and ratification, annulment and denunciation of international treaties.
21. Depositary and its functions.
22. Types and methods of interpretation of international treaties.
23. The concept of population and citizenship. Population structure.
24. Citizenship and its implications for international law.
25. Ways of acquiring citizenship.
26. Ways of losing citizenship.
27. Dual citizenship.
28. Persons without citizenship.

29. The notion of a foreigner. Foreigners and international law.
30. Legal status of refugees.
31. Legal status of displaced persons.
32. Legal status of migrant workers.
33. Content of the right of asylum.
34. The concept and meaning of the territory in international public law. Types of territories.
35. State territory (concept and composition).
36. State frontiers and their border regime.
37. Delimitation and demarcation of the state border.
38. Legal principles and ways of changing the state territory.
39. Demilitarized and neutralized zones.
40. International spaces.
41. Open sea and airspace over it.
42. Legal regime of exclusively economic zone.
43. International rivers and canals.
44. Legal regime of the Danube.
45. International legal regime of Antarctica.
46. The legal regime of the Arctic.
47. The concept and history of the creation of international organizations.  
Classification of international organizations.
48. The procedure for the creation of international organizations, competencies, powers and their functions.
49. League of Nations: structure, characteristics of activity.
50. United Nations: purpose and principles, main bodies, membership.
51. The General Assembly of the United Nations.
52. United Nations Security Council.
53. UN Economic and Social Council.
54. UN International Court.
55. Regional and interregional international organizations.
56. World Trade Organization.
57. Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe.
58. The European Union: the history of creation, the main organs.
59. Council of Europe.
60. Commonwealth of Independent States.
61. Organization of the North Atlantic Treaty (NATO).
62. The concept and grounds of international legal responsibility.
63. The concept of an international offense.
64. Types and forms of responsibility of subjects of international law.
65. Circumstances that exclude the responsibility of States.
66. Objective responsibility of States.
67. International crimes.
68. Offenses of an international nature.
69. International Criminal Court.
70. An individual as a subject of international criminal liability.

71. International Tribunals.
72. European Court of Human Rights.
73. Responsibility of international intergovernmental organizations.
74. Historical and legal aspects of the emergence and development of international humanitarian right.
75. Concept and types of armed conflicts.
76. Legal implications of the beginning of an armed conflict.
77. Law of the Hague.
78. Law of Geneva.
79. Legal status of civilian population and civilian objects during armed conflict the conflict.
80. Legal status of participants in armed conflicts.
81. Mode of military captivity.
82. Prohibited means and methods of warfare.
83. The end of the armed conflict and its international legal implications.
84. Legal status of neutral states.

## **8. Methods of teaching**

During the teaching of the discipline "International Law" such methods are used as: methods of organization and implementation of educational and cognitive activities: verbal methods, practical methods, methods of stimulation and methods of control.

## **9. Forms of control**

According to the Regulation on exams and tests at the National University of Life and Environmental Sciences of Ukraine (December 27, 2019), applicants for full-time higher education are admitted to the examination session, if they have met all the requirements of the working training law for the current semester.

Works that are submitted in violation of deadlines without good reason are evaluated according to the evaluation criteria of each work. Reassignment of intermediate certification works takes place with the permission of the lecturer if there are good reasons.

One of the compulsory elements of studying process is systematic current control of knowledge and final mark of mastering the material and ability to use this knowledge on practice.

Control for mastering discipline is done regularly and it is divided into three types: incoming, current and final control.

*Incoming control* – is held under the tests to check the knowledge of the main juridical categories and concepts in branch of jurisprudence

*Current control* – is held in form of test-papers which are combined from theoretical and practical tasks and also oral answers at practical studies.

*Final control* – is held according to the credit-module system of valuing of students knowledge and skills.

The student rating on studying work is defined under the formula

$$R_{HP} = \frac{0,7 \cdot (R_{3M}^{(1)} \cdot K_{3M}^{(1)} + \dots + R_{3M}^{(n)} \cdot K_{3M}^{(n)})}{K_{dis}} + R_{aw} - R_p, \quad (1)$$

Where  $R_{3M}^{(1)}, \dots, R_{3M}^{(n)}$  – rating marks of content modules on 100 number scale;

$n$  – quantity of modules;

$K_{3M}^{(1)}, \dots, K_{3M}^{(n)}$  – quantity of ECTS credits, which are provided by working plan for appropriate content module;

$K_{dis} = K_{3M}^{(1)} + \dots + K_{3M}^{(n)}$  – quantity of ECTS credits, which are provided by working education plan for a discipline during current term.

## 10. Distribution of grades received by students during study

Assessment of student knowledge is on a 100-point scale and is translated into national assessments according to table. 1 "Regulation on exams and tests in NULES of Ukraine" (order of entry into force of 27.12.2019).

To determine the rating of the student (listener) for mastering the discipline  $R_{дис}$  (up to 100 points) the obtained rating for certification (up to 30 points) is added to the rating for academic work  $R_{HP}$  (up to 70 points):

$$R_{\text{дис}} = R_{\text{НР}} + R_{\text{ат}}$$

<b>National Grade</b>	<b>Рейтинг здобувача вищої освіти, бали Percentage Grade/ Number of Points</b>
Excellent/Відмінно	90-100
Good/Добре	74-89
Sufficient/Задовільно	60-73
Failure/Незадовільно	0-59

## **11. Methodological provision**

Курило І.В. Методичні рекомендації для підготовки до семінарських занять та самостійної роботи з дисципліни «Міжнародне право» для студентів за освітньо-професійною програмою підготовки бакалаврів зі спеціальності 081 «Право» денної форми навчання. Київ. 2019 (для груп українською та англійською мовами викладання).

## **12. Recommended literature**

### **BASIC**

1. Radziwill A. A. International law. Reference summary of lectures. Electronic version
2. International public law: a textbook of 3 volumes [V. F. Antipenko, L.D. Timchenko, O.V. Begly, OA Radziwill and others.]; for community edit VF Antipenko. K .: NAU, 2012. Т.1. 420 s.
3. Dmitriev A.I., Muravev VI I. International Public Law: A Manual. K .: Yurinkom, 2000. 640 pp.
4. Res. General Assembly of the United Nations, 17.11. 1989 (44/23): Decade of International Law of the United Nations.
5. Dahno I.I. International private law. Tutorial. K., MAUP. 2004 212 p.

6. Lashintsev AA International Private Law in Questions and Answers. Tutorial. M., TC Welby. 2004.224 p.
7. Dmitriyeva G.K. International private law. Textbook. M., Publisher: Prospect. 2004. 688 pp.
8. Repetskii V.M. International Public Law: a textbook K.: Knowledge, 2012. 437 c.
9. Antipenko V.F. et al. International Public Law: Handbook. K.: Vt. Nats. aviator Un "NaU-Print", 2010. 422 pp.
10. Danchenko T.V. Public international law: teaching. Manual. Kiev. international un - K.: KMU, 2011. 425 c. The bibliographer: p. 419-425.
11. Antonovick M.M. International Public Law: Teaching. manual for the stud higher teach shut up. K: View. House "KM Academy": Alerta, 2003. 308 c.
12. Antslevich G.O. International Public Law. Special part: Teaching manual.K.: View of the UASZ, 1999. 378 c.

### **Auxiliary**

1. Babayev M. H. Problems of Public Order in International Private Law. *International Private Law: Contemporary Problems*. M., 1993. Kn. 2
2. Bruntsev E.V. International Commercial Arbitration. SPb .: Yur. Lit., 2001.
3. Buromensky MV Application to the European Court of Human Rights; The practice of the court and the features of Ukrainian legislation. H .: Folio, 2000.
4. Vasilchenko V.V. Scientific and Practical Commentary of the Law of Ukraine "On International Private Law" - K .: Truth, 2007. 200 p.
5. Vienna Convention on the Succession of States in relation to the Treaties of 1978. Laws of Ukraine. International treaties of Ukraine. Volume 14. K., 1998. P. 66 87.
6. Galenskaya L.N. International Private Law. L.: Publishing House of the Russian Academy of Sciences, 1983. 233 pp.
7. Galskaya L.N., Dubasov D.V. Admiralty jurisdiction of the courts of Great Britain. Vestnik Leningr. Un-ta Sir 6 1989. Vip.1

8. Declaration on State Sovereignty of Ukraine dated July 16, 1990. Bulletin of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine. 1990. №31. Art. 429
9. Demidenko V.V. International legal basis of the national marine law of Ukraine (theoretical aspects). - Odessa: AT BAHVA, 1995. 103s.
10. Demidenko VV, Shemyakin AN, Balobanov A.O. and other Law of Ukraine. - Odessa: BAHVA AO, 1996 - 138s.
11. Denisov VN Legal systems in developing countries. - K .: Scientific Opinion, 1978.
12. Dzera O.V. Development of property rights of citizens in Ukraine. K.: Venturi, 1996. 216s.
13. The Law of Ukraine "On International Treaties of Ukraine" dated June 29, 2004. Bulletin of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine. 2004, No. 50. Article 540.

### **13. Information Resources**

United Nations - <https://www.un.org/>

Nato <https://www.nato.int/cps/uk/natohq/index.htm>

European Court on Human Rights

<https://echr.coe.int/Pages/home.aspx?p=home>

[www.europa.eu.int](http://www.europa.eu.int) – the EU official site

[europa.eu.int/eur-lex/en](http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/en) – the EU law – the official site

[europa.eu.int/pjl/index-en.htm](http://europa.eu.int/pjl/index-en.htm) the official site

[europa.eu.int/comm/index\\_en.htm](http://europa.eu.int/comm/index_en.htm) the official site

[eur-op.eu.int](http://eur-op.eu.int) the official site

[www.europarl.eu.int/sg/tree.en](http://www.europarl.eu.int/sg/tree.en) – European Parliament - the official site

[ue.eu.int/en/summ.htm](http://ue.eu.int/en/summ.htm) the official site

[curia.eu.int/en](http://curia.eu.int/en) the official site

[www.ecb.int](http://www.ecb.int) the official site

[europa.eu.int/eur-lex/en/OJ](http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/en/OJ). the official site

[www.edc.spb.ru](http://www.edc.spb.ru) the official site

[www.aes.org.ru](http://www.aes.org.ru) . the official site

[www.law.warwick.uk](http://www.law.warwick.uk) the official site

[scad.utdallas.edu](http://scad.utdallas.edu) SCAD - the official site