## NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LIFE AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES OF UKRAINE

Department of General, Organic and Physical Chemistry

**«APPROVED»** Dean of the Faculty Plant protection, biotechnology and ecology **Yulia KOLOMIETS «REWIED and APPROVED»** at a meeting of the Department of General, Organic and Physical Chemistry Protocol № 11 of 08.05.2024 Andrii HALSTIAN **«APPROVED»** Garant OP Volodymyr BOGOLYUBOV

## WORK PROGRAM OF ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE CHEMISTRY (ORGANIC, PHYSICAL AND COLLOID)

Field of knowledge	10 Natural sciences
Specialty	101 Ecology
Educational program	Ecology
Faculty of	Plant Protection, Biotechnology and Ecology
Developers:	Halstian Andrii, Head of the department of general,
organic and physical chemistr	y, doctor of chemical sciences, professor

Branch of knowledge, specialty,	educational program, ed	ucational qualification				
Educational qualification	«Bachelor»					
Specialty	101 «Ecology»					
Educational program	«Ecology»					
Characteristi	cs of training programm	ie				
Туре	Ordinary	(standard)				
The total number of academic hours	1	20				
Number of ECTS credits allocated		4				
Number of modules	3					
Forms of control	Exam					
Indicators of academic discipline for f	-					
	Full-time	Part-time				
Year of study (course)	1					
Semester	2					
Number of lecture, hours	30					
Number of seminars, practical	-					
classes						
Laboratory sessions (activities)	30					
Independent study	60					
Individual lessons	-					
Number of weekly in-class academic	4					
hours for full-time forms of training						

## **1.** Purpose, tasks and competencies of the discipline

Purpose: formation of students' theoretical foundations of chemistry, practical skills in working with different types of organic compounds, study of specific features of their behavior in chemical reactions, gaining experience in a chemical laboratory to solve specific practical problems, ability to work with scientific literature.

The course of chemistry should be the basis for the study of special disciplines: biochemistry, genetics, etc.

## Task:

- to form a base of chemical knowledge about organic substances;

- identification of patterns of the relationship between the structure and structure of chemical compounds;

- learn to establish the relationship between the constituent parts of the substance, as well as individual components in mixtures;

- learn to describe the basic laws of chemical processes;

- to develop skills and abilities to use modern achievements of organic chemistry in veterinary medicine.

## Acquisition of competences:

integral competence (IC): The ability to solve complex specialized tasks and solve practical problems in the field of ecology, environmental protection and balanced nature management, which involves the application of basic theories and methods of environmental sciences, which are characterized by the complexity and uncertainty of conditions.

general competences (GC):

GC 8. Ability to conduct research at the appropriate level.

GC 11. Ability to evaluate and ensure the quality of the work performed.

Special (professional) competences (SC):

SC 2. Ability to critically understand basic theories, methods and principles of natural sciences.

## Program learning outcomes (PLO):

PLO 3. Understand the main concepts, theoretical and practical problems in the field of natural sciences, which are necessary for analysis and decision-making in the field of ecology, environmental protection and balanced nature management.

PLO 21. Be able to choose optimal methods and tools for research, data collection and processing.

s The program and su	uctu	C OI	the a	cau	cinic		1						
		hours						1					
		full-time learning							Part-time				
Modules and themes	Week	Total			includ			Total including					
Woddles and themes			Lec	Pr	Lab	Ind	Ind		Lec	Pr	Lab	In d	Ind
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Module 1. The most im	Module 1. The most important theoretical principles of organic chemistry. Aliphatic and												
carbocyclic hydrocarbons.	-			-	-		0			2	1		
Topic 1. Introduction. The	1,2	16	4		4		8						[ .
most important theoretical													
principles of organic													
chemistry. Arenas.													
Topic 2 Hydroxyl organic	3,4	16	4		4		8						
substances: alcohols,													
phenols Carbonyl and													
carboxyl compounds:													
aldehydes, ketones													
Topic 3 Carboxylic	5,6	16	4		4		8						
acids, fats													
Total for module		48	12		12		24						
Module 2 Carbohydrates. Nitrogen-containing organic substances													
Topic 1. Carbohydrates	7,8	16	4		4		8						

## 2. The program and structure of the academic discipline

Topic 2. Amines. Amino	9,10	16	4		4		8					
alcohols.												
Amino acids. Proteins.												
Heterocyclic compounds.												
Nucleic acids												
Total for module		32	8		8		16					
Module 3. Fundamentals of	Module 3. Fundamentals of physical and colloidal chemistry											
Topic 1.	11,	16	6		6		10					
Fundamentals of physical	12,											
chemistry	13											
Topic2. Fundamentals of	14,	14	4		4		10					
Coloid Chemistry	15											
Total for module		30	10		10		20					
Total	12	20	30		30		60					

# 3. Title themes laboratory studies

N⁰	Title theme	Hours					
Module 1. The most important theoretical principles of organic chemistry. Aliphatic and carbocyclic hydrocarbons.							
1	Basics of safety. Methods of isolation and purification of organic matter. Qualitative elemental analysis.	2					
2							
3	Arenes. Terpenes . Study of properties.	2					
4	Study of the properties of alcohols and phenols.	2					
5	Aldehydes and ketones. Study of properties Study of the properties of carboxylic acids. Lipids (fats)2						
6							
	Module 2. Nitrogen-containing organic substances. Heterocyclic comp	ounds.					
7	Study of the properties of mono- and disaccharides. Study of the properties of polysaccharides.	2					
8	Nitrogen-containing organic substances	2					
9	Amines, amides. Study of the properties of amino acids and proteins	2					
10	Heterocyclic compounds Test work ""	2					
Module 3. Fundamentals of physical and colloidal chemistry							
11	Designation of the heat of the reaction of salt crystallization and the heat of the reaction of neutralization	2					
12	Acid-base power differences. pH-metry	2					
13	Follow-up adsorption of octic acid on activated carbonum	2					
14	cleaning and properties of colloidal systems	2					
15	Test work. Fundamentals of physical and colloidal chemistry	2					

### 4. Teaching methods

The following teaching methods are used in the study of the discipline:

- methods of organization and implementation of educational and cognitive activities: verbal (story- explanation, conversation, lecture); visual (illustration, demonstration); - practical (laboratory works, abstracts);

- methods of stimulating and motivating educational and cognitive activities: stimulating interest in learning (creating a situation of interest in teaching material, educational discussions); stimulation of duty and responsibility (explanation of the purpose of the subject, disciplinary and organizational and pedagogical requirements for the study of the subject, encouragement and punishment in education);

- methods of control, correction of the effectiveness of educational and cognitive activities: current and intermediate surveys, tests, individual tasks, interviews.

### 5. Forms of control

The main forms of knowledge control are control at the lectures at labs and workshops, outside the classrooms, and the consultations, tests and exams.

I.Control of the lectures can be conducted as a selective oral questioning of students or tests using the previously laid material, particularly in sections of the course that are necessary for the understanding of the lecture topics, read, or to establish a degree of mastery of the material lectures (held by the manner of the late first or early second hour lectures). Testing during lectures designed to teach students to systematic elaboration covered material and prepare for the upcoming lectures, establish the degree of assimilation theory to identify the most difficult students to read chapters from the following explanation of them. Control of ther lectures has to subtract time. By spending time to conrol oral examination yields control, programmable for cards.

II. Current control on laboratory studies conducted to elucidate ready students for employment in the following forms:

1. Writing (30 min.). Control work.

2. Colloquium on separate sections of theoretical courses (modules or themes).

III. Credits. Some subjects (theoretical courses, practical training) is applied differential test of performance appraisal on a five point scale. In a lecture course or its individual parts, which are not accompanied by laboratory or practical classes, the teacher may conduct interviews or colloquium, offer oral or written questions.

IV. Examinations. Exam is a final step in the study of the whole or part of the discipline and are designed to test students' knowledge on the theory and identify the skills apply the acquired knowledge in solving practical problems, as well as independent work skills with educational and scientific literature.

Student's rating of knowledge of an academic discipline consists of training work rating -70 points and final attestation -30 points. Thus, rating of content modules, that are consistuents of an academic discipline, makes 70 points. Rating of content modules as well as attestation rating are also measured by 100-point-scale.

### 6. Distribution of points received by students.

Assessment of student knowledge is on a 100-point scale and is translated into national

assessments according to table. 1 "Regulations on examinations and tests in NULES of Ukraine" (order of entry into force of 27.12.2019 № 1371

Percentage score	National grade					
90-100	Excellent					
74-89	Good	- Passed				
60-73	Satisfactory	-				
0-59	Unsatisfactory	Non-passed				

### 7. Educational and methodological support

1. Методичні вказівки для самостійної роботи з дисципліни «Органічна хімія» для виконання лабораторних робіт. В.В.Кротенкео, Л.О.Ковшун, Р.С.Бойко, Хижан О.І., Бухтіяров В.В. К.: Видавничий центр НАУ, 2021.- 145 с.

2. Хижан О.І., Ковшун Л.О. Фізична і колоїдна хімія: навчальний посібник. К.: НУБіП України, 2022. 436 с.

3. Хижан О.І., Ковшун Л.О. Навчальний посібник. Фізична і колоїдна хімія. К.: НУБіП України, 2019. 444 с.

**4.** Khyzhan O.I., Boyko R.S., Kovshun L.O., Krotenko V.V. Methodical recommendations for laboratopy works in physical and colloid chemistry for students of the bachelor level of qualification. K.: DDP Expo-Druk, 2022, 157 p.

### 8. Recommended sources of information

1. Kovshun L.O., Boyko R.S., Khyzhan O.I., Krotenko V.V. Notebook for Laboratory Works in ORGANIC, BIOORGANIC, PHISYCAL AND COLLOID CHEMISTRY. Kyiv: NULES of Ukraine, 2019. 240 p.

2. Хижан О.І., Ковшун Л.О. Фізична і колоїдна хімія: навчальний посібник. К.: НУБіП України, 2022. 436 с.

3. Ковшун Л.О., Хижан О.І. Навчальний посібник. Фізична і колоїдна хімія. К.: НУБіП України, 2018. 501 с.

4. Хижан О.І., Ковшун Л.О. Навчальний посібник. Фізична і колоїдна хімія. К.: НУБіП України, 2019. 444 с.

5. Khyzhan O.I., Boyko R.S., Krotenko V.V., Kovshun L.O.Notebook for laboratory works in phisycal and colloid chemistry. K.: DDP Expo-Druk, 2021,155 p.

6. Khyzhan O.I., Kovshun L.O. Notebook for laboratory works in phisycal and colloid chemistry. K.: DDP Expo-Druk, 2020, 160 p.

7. Хижан О.І., Ковшун Л.О. Науково-методологічні основи лабораторного контролю безпечності сільськогосподарської продукції. Монографія. К.: НУБіП України,2022.448 с.

**8.** Tereshchenko N.Yu., Kovshun L.O., Khyzhan O.I., Nesterova K.A. Methodology of laboratory control for the production of safe plant products. Monograph. Kyiv: NULES of Ukraine, 2021. 480 p.